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THE CITY	per copy, per year	\$7 00
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SIX MONTHS	per copy, per year	3 00
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A. M. THOMSON, W. G. ROBERTS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

# Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 8.

JANESVILLE, WIS., THURSDAY, MAY 19, 1864.

NUMBER 69.

The Weekly Gazette is now the largest paper printed in the State, and having the matter published in the Daily to select from, we challenge comparison with any newspaper in Wisconsin. In correct political doctrine, in reliable market reports, in giving the latest news from all quarters, in literary merit and in local information relating to this city and county, we shall spare no pains to make the Weekly Gazette worthy of public patronage and support.

New Advertisements.

GREAT ARRIVAL

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

VESTINGS,

M'KEY & BRO.,

East Side Main St., Janesville,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep.

Wear now in receipt of the above goods. Also of the superior make of

HARRIS'S CASSIMERES,

wholesale trade

which we now offer to the public at retail

AS CHEAP, IF NOT CHEAPER,

than small houses can purchase

IN NEW YORK CITY.

To those who wish to make

GARMENTS UP THEMSELVES

we would say that we will

CUT AND TRIM

in the

MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE,

Having a Cutler of the

Greatest Experience

for that purpose.

PERSONS PURCHASING CLOTHS

can have them

CUT AND TRIMMED

on the

SHORTEST NOTICE!!

McKEY & BRO.

ICE CREAM—Ice Cream for the

million. The season for this "beverage" is now

fully open.

THURSTON'S CHASE

have fitted up a set of rooms in the second story of

the building, with an open entrance, thus doing

away with the inconvenience of passing through the

front shop. Our rooms are spacious and cool. The

long experience of Mr. Thurston in the business en-

ables him to furnish an article of ice cream, SODA

TO NON.

RECEIVED THIS DAY BY Ex-

press at McKEY & BRO'S.

3,000 new style Ladies, Misses' and Children's Hats.

200 pieces new style of Spring and Summer Dress

goods.

200 newest style Paris Cloaks.

100 the most modern importation of Shawls, among

which are six real India Shawls, something new in

Janeville, to which we call the parties.

25th May 1864

FRESH FRUITS, &c., at Wholesale

A good assortment of Fresh Peaches, Pine Ap-

ples, Raspberries, Strawberries.

JELLIES, PICKLED CUCUMBERS,

Candies, Limes, Onions, Beans and Potatoes.

Fresh Oyster, Clams, Sardines,

Lozenges, Watermelon, Cakes, Sausages, Walnuts

and Tomato Catsup, Pepper Sauce, French Mustard

and Olive Oil.

65th May 1864

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

## THE NEWS.

As we intimated last evening, the call for 400,000 more men by the President, turns out to be a cruel and wicked hoax, gotten up by some Wall street speculator who is trafficking in blood of the nation as well as of his fellow men and must be a lineal descendant of that depraved wretch who sold his Master for thirty pieces of silver. A reward of \$1,000 is offered for the discovery of the rascal who will undoubtedly be sworn and set at liberty. The papers publishing the hoax have been temporarily suspended.

By our afternoon dispatches we learn that another great battle had commenced yesterday morning between Grant and Lee. The latter has been busily entrenching himself and has most probably been reinforced, though to what extent no one can guess.

General Crook's army which left Charleston, Va., about the time Grant left the Rapidan, has been heard from at Newbern, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad. He has fought three battles with the rebels in that region under Gens. Morgan, Jenkins and Jones, defeating them each time and mortally wounding Gen. Jenkins. A long railroad bridge at that place or near it, together with several miles of railroad track, were destroyed.

Gen. Sigel on Sunday last, met an overwhelming force of the enemy under Breckenridge, at Newmarket; was defeated and forced to retreat. He lost about 600 killed and wounded, five pieces of cannon, and the rebels took about forty prisoners. Everything else, however, was brought safely off, and crossing the Shenandoah, he retreated to Strasburg.

Governor Lewis calls for volunteer surgeons to go and help to dress the wounds that have been cheerfully received in the best of causes. His call will not be in vain.

In the Maryland Constitutional Convention on Thursday, the Committee on the Declaration of Rights made majority and minority reports. The 23d section of the former declares that hereafter, in the State, there shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except in punishment of crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted; and all persons held to service or labor as slaves are hereby declared free. The 4th section defines the question of allegiance as follows: "The Constitution of the United States and the laws made in pursuance thereof being the supreme law of the land, every citizen of the State owes paramount allegiance to the Constitution of the United States, and is not bound by any law or ordinance of this State in contravention or subversion thereof. The minority report dissents from both these sections.

"AGONY" WRITES from Washington to the Baltimore Sun that the authorities both in Congress and out of it, express the opinion that there is much yet to be done before Richmond can be taken. It is fifteen miles from Fredericksburg to Spotsylvania Court House, and thence to North Anna River it is thirteen. Behind this, and running parallel, is the Virginia Central railroad, which furnishes Lee with his supplies. Now, it is supposed, he will make a stand, and rally all the forces he can. Should he be outflanked by superior numbers, or beaten there, it is supposed that his next position will be upon the railroad leading into Richmond from North Carolina via Danville. This road crosses, at a considerable distance from Richmond, the road leading from Lynchburg to Petersburg, and to protect these two roads, it is supposed that Lee and Beauregard will mass their forces either as against Grant or Butler.

THE CHICAGO Post calls the late triumphs of the Army of the Potomac "Democratic victories," and says: "The people of the Union rejoicing in the grand victory of Democratic principles, will be true to themselves, and true to their country by elevating to the Presidency the great and successful champion of Democratic principles—GRANT."

THE CHARLESTON BORDERMEN.—The statement that the recent attack on the rebels at Charleston was made in pursuance of orders from Washington, is incorrect. The land and naval commanders acted on their own responsibility, with the view, as is supposed, of feeling the enemy and seeing how many troops were left in the garrison.

SENATOR DOOLITTLE, Representative Arnold, Green Clay Smith, and Gen. Richard Oglesby, of Illinois, were to speak at the Cooper Institute, New York, on the evening of the 12th inst., in advocacy of the re-nomination and re-election of Mr. Lincoln.

SUCCEEDS PERRY.—The *Sentinel*, of the 7th says that the different churches of Richmond were kept open during Thursday, Friday and Saturday, thronged with persons offering up prayers for the success of the confederate army in the battles taking place.

A ROCK COUNTY girl contributes the story on the inside of this number.

OHIO YESTERDAY elected delegates to the Baltimore Convention and instructed them to vote for Abraham Lincoln.

A WIZARD is performing in New York who every night cuts off his own hand for the amusement of his audience.

A FOUR-LEGGED turkey is among the latest California novelties.

"Some people contend," says a Washington correspondent of *The Troy Times*, "that there can be no advancement for the nigger"—that he lacks 'brains,' etc. A gentleman, a little more than a year ago, took home with him to the State of New York a contraband boy from Virginia who did not know a single letter. The boy was sent to school, and being honest and handy, is now in charge of the gentleman's place. We add a letter received from him, which he composed and wrote without the least aid from any one. Jim and Kate are the horses. The 'gray dog' is a pet squirrel:

"C—N. Y., April 1st, 1864.  
"M—C—: I thought I would let you know how things navigate. Jim is doing so well. I give both four quarts of oats a day. I have changed to move to town soon. Mr. Cross is going to move to town. The pigs look fine. The wood-pile is about as good as done. How is Mrs. C? Tell her the gray dog is in the cage. I do not find anything else to say at this time. Farewell. FLEMING MCKENNA.  
"This is from the 'gray boy.' Now for a specimen from a believer in the 'divine right.' Our readers doubtless remember Gen. Joe Lane, a leading pro-slavery politician and candidate for Vice-President on the Breckenridge ticket. He was in this city when the fact of Mr. Lincoln's election became known, and immediately sent a friend the following telegram, *reveling in liberthim*:

"Me and Brice is dejecteded gods will be dun.  
"jo. LANE."

"Note the difference between the orthography of the 'statesman' and that of the 'chattel'."

We may add that one excuse suggested for the atrocious spelling of the sixth word in the dispatch, was, that Mr. Lane was unwilling to make capital of his Creator's name.

CHARACTERISTIC ANECDOTE OF GENERAL GRANT.—After the battle of Pittsburg Landing and General Grant's complete victory at that point, General Buell, a thorough soldier, began criticising in a friendly way the impolicy of his having fought a battle with the Tennessee river behind his men. "Where, if beaten, could you have retreated, General?" asked Buell. "I didn't mean to be beaten," was Grant's sententious reply. "But suppose you had been defeated, despite all your exertion?" "Well, there were the transports to carry the remains of the command across the river." "But, General," urged Buell, "your whole transports could not contain over 10,000 men; and it would be impossible for them to make more than one trip in the face of the enemy." "Well, if I had been beaten," said General Grant, "passing to light another cigar as he spoke, 'transportation for 10,000 men would have been abundant for all that would be left of us.' This anecdote is eminently characteristic, the data for the proper appreciation of it being, that Grant had about fifty thousand men over the river.—*Washington letter*.

BREAD is the staff of life, and liquor the still—the former sustaining a man, and the latter elevating him for a fall.

THE COUNTRY will rejoice that the reported death of General Warren is contradicted.

(Advertisement.)

INSURE WITH THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF WISCONSIN.—It is the BEST COMPANY FOR WESTERN MEN!—The reason why this is the best company, are: That it is a Western Company, made up of and managed by Western men, doing all or nearly all its business in the Northwest, and concentrating in this one Company a superior class of risks, mostly of young men, or men in the prime of life, and they selected with as great care in regard to eligibility to life insurance, as are the risks of any other company. It is true that the Company has neither the large nor the accumulations of some eastern companies, but is gaining the latter very fast; is vigorous for one of its age; is doing a large business, having issued 637 policies in the months of December and January just passed, and is doing its business as economically as the same can be done anywhere. It has for its guide, the experience of all other companies, and among its managers some of the best business men in the northwest.

This is the first successful effort ever made to build up a similar institution in the West, and it should be the pride, as it certainly is the interest, of every business man in this section of the State, to identify himself with its growth.

This Company issues non-forfeiting policies, upon which premiums are paid in five or ten annual payments. These non-forfeiting policies are very desirable, as they guarantee to the policy holder the benefit of all the money that he pays into the Company, and also enable him to pay his premiums for the whole of life while he is young, or at an early period, thus relieving him from the burden of payment in old age. Insurance upon this plan, (as well as on all other policies that this Company issues) become due and payable at death, should death occur before the ten years expire.

It also issues the endowment policy which becomes due and payable to the party assured at a stated age specified. These latter policies are becoming quite popular, and are particularly desirable for young men.

OFFICERS.

S. S. DACCOTT, President; SAMUEL BUNNELL, Vice President; C. D. NASH, Treasurer; A. W. KOLLOGG, Secretary.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

S. S. DACCOTT, JAMES BONNELL, H. L. PALMER, J. H. VAN DYKE, C. T. HESLEY, H. G. WILSON, Gen'l Agent.

WILLIAM MERRILL, Agent, Janesville, feb25d3caw3m.

JUST RECEIVED.—At the Janesville Literary Association, another large lot of Juvenile's Collected Gold Pens.

SWEET'S Infallible Liment.—For Sale at the Sign of the Golden Mortar, Main street.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID in CASH for old iron at the local live iron works.

4th May 1864

## LOCAL MATTERS.

### RAILROAD DIRECTORY.

#### ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Chicago & Northwestern.

From Chicago	ARRIVE	Going South	DEPART
From Chicago	2:55 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	7:00 A. M.
From Chicago	2:55 A. M.	12:30 P. M.	7:00 A. M.
From Chicago	2:55 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	7:00 A. M.

Mil. & Prairie du Chien.

From Milwaukee	ARRIVE	For P. du C.	DEPART
From Milwaukee	4:10 P. M.	1:40 A. M.	1:40 A. M.
From Milwaukee	4:10 P. M.	1:40 A. M.	1:40 A. M.
From Milwaukee	4:10 P. M.	1:40 A. M.	1:40 A. M.

DISCHARGED.—The Circuit Court Grand Jury completed its labors to-day, and was discharged. It brought in a number of indictments as the result of its investigations.

THE DOWN-TOWN TELEGRAPH OFFICE.—Workmen are busy to-day erecting poles and strutting wires from the main telegraph line to Tallman's Block, in which the down-town office is to be located. A few days will suffice to put it in working order.

PROF. MARTINE'S CLASS.—The dancing class of Prof. Martine receives a lesson this afternoon and another this evening, at Hyatt House hall. Not only is the number of the Prof's pupils constantly increasing, but the parties which take place after the evening school, are becoming very popular. There is to be one of these agreeable socials this evening, which will unquestionably be well attended.

FIFTH REGIMENT.—A correspondent of the Milwaukee *Sentinel* sends that paper a list of the casualties in the Fifth Regiment up to May 11th. Below is the list in the company from this city:

COMPANY E.  
Sergeant, W. Walker, killed; Ed. Morgan, killed; Stewart, C. Glover, knee; H. S. Ames, thigh; W. H. Stewart, thigh; Henry Curran, abdomen; Joseph Pearson, back; S. Barker, neck; L. E. P. Mill, shoulder blade; W. Magdon, arm; Sergt. Chas. O. Harrington, leg; Corp. Ira Nowicki, forehead; L. C. Small, arm; Joseph P. Lincoln, thigh; R. Conman, foot; Leslie Anderson, thigh; Wm. Story, thigh; Corp. Chas. Packard, breast; Willard Hastings, jaw; Sergt. James McDonald, arm; Chas. Valentine, foot; Whitney Tibbels, thigh; John Lehn, leg; Charles C. Ames, head and ankle.

THE FOLLOWING are the names of the Grand and Petit Jurors in attendance upon the Circuit Court now in session:

Grand Jurors.—Daniel Bennett, Foreman; S. C. Barnham, James Pierce, Albert Bemis, Wm. Macdon, Jonathan Cory, George Barnes, Enoch Coffin, T. W. VanGilder, Noah Dutton, John Hammond, Robert J. Nott, William Cochran, John Adams, A. J. Coddington, Asa Shove, J. E. Thayer.  
Petit Jurors.—F. S. Eldred, L. B. Moore, A. K. Cutts, Ole Gulabek, J. S. Kimball, J. N. Palmer, T. C. Sloop, N. Stinson, Dan. Seashell, M. L. Burdick, Marvin W. Travis, Anson Hill, Loren Finch, Alanson Chapin, Peter Holverson, David Andrew, Edwin Murdock, Wm. P. Burroughs, Rodman Ide, Henry Ottman, J. C. Whiting, Adam Hayner, Barnabas Griffith, J. S. Dayton.

CIRCUIT COURT.—The first case tried this term was closed yesterday afternoon and occupied two days. The case was that of Edward T. Martin, administrator of the estate of John T. Martin deceased, against the American Express Company, and was a change of venue from Dane County Circuit.

The suit was brought for the recovery of five State Bonds of the State of California, which was lost or stolen before delivery to plaintiff. Verdict in favor of plaintiff for \$5,755.73.

Judge Wakely for Plaintiff, Geo. B. Smith for Defendant.

In the case of Daniel Haskell vs. H. S. Swift, judgment was rendered against the defendant for \$259.41. Knowlton & Jackson for plaintiff; Chas. G. Williams for defendant.

M. H. Kirk vs. S. F. Hendree; action for civil damages on assault. Verdict for plaintiff of \$200 damages. Todd & Converse for plaintiff; Graham and Ebbets for defendant.

TO MERCHANTS, MILLERS AND OTHER SHIPPERS.—I am now prepared to make season contracts for Lark Insurance in the old companies at best rates.

E. L. DRUCK, Agent.

April 22d 1864

PIANO FORTES.—I have on exhibition at my Music Store, No. 2, Myers Block, some of the finest and cheapest PIANOS ever offered in this market, for sale cheap.

L. DARLING.

REMOVAL.—DR. HALE has removed his Throat and Lung Institute to the Myers House Block, over Colwell's Drug Store.

ESTRAY.—Came into the inclosure of the Sub-plot, about four miles west of the city on the Galena road, on or about the 6th day of May last, a red COV about four years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.

WM. STRAWER.

May 11th, 1864.

TO ARTISTS.—Just received, a large and full assortment of Tint Colors, Brushes, Paints, Canvas, &c., at the

PHILADELPHIA DRUGSTORE.

WINDOW GLASS! WINDOW GLASS!—A large and complete stock of window glass, comprising all the various sizes from 6x8 to 24x36, for sale in lots to suit purchasers at Chicago wholesale prices, at the

PHILADELPHIA DRUGSTORE.

WRITING PAPER & Envelopes.—\$1,000 can be saved the people of interior Wisconsin by purchasing their stationery at

MY CAVE LIFE IN Vicksburg, SUTHERLAND'S.

PERFUMED AND INITIAL STATIONERY for the ladies, just received at

## BY TELEGRAPH.

### Reported Expressly for the Gazette.

#### OUR MORNING DISPATCHES.

10 O'clock A. M.

#### FROM BUTLER'S DEPARTMENT!

He has a Battle with Beauregard!

#### INTERESTING PARTICULARS.

#### Great Slaughter of the Rebels!

#### GOVERNOR LEWIS WANTS SURGEONS!

#### FROM GEN. BUTLER.

New York, May 19th.—The *Herald's* correspondent with General Butler gives a detailed account of Beauregard's concentrated attack on our forces consisting of Palmer's corps, 16th. The entire length of the rebel lines teemed with artillery, and shells poured upon our position in showers. A dense fog enveloped the country at the time and both forces were wrapped in a misty veil. This was the condition of affairs when the rebels, massing their troops, took our right wing under General Hickman, enveloped its flank and took it in reverse. The first blow dealt to our force, Gen. Hickman's brigade, 18th corps, holding the right, doubled up and forced them back on the next brigade, which was also thrown in some confusion. Our men did not observe the rebels until they had succeeded in passing the column between Hickman's right and the river, and then taking him in front and rear, crushed him between the two columns, and for a time created some confusion. Hickman made a gallant fight as long as he could, but the enemy came upon him so suddenly with such overwhelming numbers, successful resistance quite impossible in darkness and confusion. Some of the brigade were captured after this operation, having forced back the right. A heavy attack was made on the entire line, the right of the 8th corps, with feints along the 10th corps line and entire right, forced back some distance. After several hours of the most severe and sanguinary struggle, with unexampled fury until nearly 12 o'clock, finally forcing forces upon our lines, and finally forcing it back nearly a quarter of a mile. Our men fought stubbornly with few exceptions, and repeatedly checked the advance with terrible slaughter, but notwithstanding the loss on our side, the enemy numbering not less than 25,000 pushed into the murderous fire with a recklessness and steadiness rarely seen in an attack. Our right took a gun or two, and it is said some light pieces, how many it is difficult to ascertain, probably four. Our loss being 8 pieces. Finally after forcing the 18th corps back from its position and regaining a portion of the first line of entrenchments they massed their forces on the 10th corps to drive it back. They first headed the column upon Turner's division which held the right of the corps line joining the 18th corps. They formed in a beautiful manner and moved steadily on Burton's brigade. Turner's division advanced as if on parade and not firing a single shot. Waiting until they had reached a good distance and an effective range the brigade poured into their lines such terrible fire that the line melted away and thinned and their whole line after vainly endeavoring to advance against the storm of bullets were forced to retire with terrible loss, to the woods in their rear.

The volleys were continuous and heavy as musketry of a brigade could well be, and such as nothing could stand against. The rebels were scattered like chaff, and broke for the woods in a disorganized mass under their friendly cover. After great exertion the line of attack was again formed and the same brigade moved in splendid style against our line. Again did they receive the terrible fire and pressed steadily on until the 4th volley, then left their killed and wounded on the field, when they broke rushed quickly to the cover of the woods. Our boys gave three hearty cheers and sent a volley after them which told on them. After being twice bloodily repulsed at this point they moved further to our left and hurried column upon column on a brigade of Gen. Torrell's division, then came up in the same steady and confident way, but were received by our men with a more rapid and truly deadly fire than they were treated to by Turner. They broke and ran to the woods accelerated by music of bullets about them. They were determined, however, to break our line and force it from its position, cost what it would. Again armed and strengthened by reinforcements, they charged and after 15 minutes hot work were disastrously repulsed and driven back at all points, leaving their dead and wounded, over one thousand in number on the field. Butler immediately ordered Gen. Turner to attack the enemy on their flank and ordered Tenny to support him. Turner's attack had hardly commenced before he was ordered by Butler to retire and strengthen Smith's corps by forming in his rear. Our forced fell back slowly and in order, repulsing every effort of the rebels to quicken their movements, and making a stand at every favorable position until the enemy ceased to follow and fell back to their first line of entrenchments. Gilmore then drew off his corps and formed in support of Smith.

The fighting which had continued with more or less violence along the entire line, now ceased.

At half past 2 preparations were made to draw off our forces from the field and strengthen our entrenchments. Artillery was sent to the rear and the ambulances with wounded and supply trains. Finally the entire army fell back, not pursued by the enemy.

Another *Herald* correspondent says Butler's forces are safely in their entrenchments and able to withstand an attack from all the forces the rebels can bring against them.

The object of Butler in making an advance from City Point to Bermuda Hundred was to create a diversion in favor of Grant, which was successful.

*Herald's* correspondent in field, May 17, says Butler received Richmond papers of the 16th, which acknowledge Lee met with a defeat on Thursday, and states that the slaughter was terrific. No particulars have been published. Jeff Davis has dispatches from Lee which have been kept secret.

#### THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

New York, May 19.—Special despatch to the *Times*, dated Headquarters Army of the Potomac, Wednesday morning, says the struggle has this moment commenced, with skirmishing on the right. It is expected that the great, bloody and we trust decisive battle will be fought to-day.

#### FROM MADISON.

Madison, May 19.—Advices from Washington indicate that more surgeons may be needed to care for the wounded soldiers at the front. Experienced surgeons, who can go will please notify me at once.

JAS. T. LEWIS.

#### New Advertisements.











**Senator Doolittle's Speech.**

It was MILWAUKEE *Sentinel* sincerely desires to benefit Senator Doolittle, it will be very cautious in provoking any controversy relating to that gentleman's late speech. The least said is soonest mended, would be a good maxim for that sheet to adopt and act upon in this instance. In reply to the very brief comment which we made on the Senator's speech, the *Sentinel* says:

"The facts are that this point which the *Gazette* makes against the Senator does not exist and is a mere creature of its own imagination. It was shown and not disputed that there was not a single negro in Montana as proposed by this bill. Its passage as proposed would have helped no one to suffrage as its defeat deprived no one of that privilege. He did not oppose it because he was opposed to negro suffrage, but because, in the circumstances, it was not in the remotest degree a practical question, and he was opposed in the condition of the country, with the tremendous war in our hands demanding the united energies of the country, to dragging into the political arena questions neither practical nor pressing, the only effect of which would be to intensify political antagonisms, and so far as such conditions could do it, jeopardize the material interests of the country.

"The facts are that this point does exist" and it is idle for the *Sentinel* to deny it. The text of the speech was an amendment offered by Senator Wilkinson, of Minnesota, to the bill providing for a temporary government for the Territory of Montana, which would extend the right of suffrage to persons of color. This was the text and the honorable Senator not only stuck very closely to it and argued against the passage of this bill as thus amended, but he cited the fact, in support of his position of hostility to the measure, that the constitutions of New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois all limit this right to the white man. He fortified his position also by recital of the facts that the people of the State of New York have declared against it by an unprecedented majority when it was submitted to them, and that the State of Wisconsin has voted the proposition down twice by an overwhelming vote. And yet the *Sentinel* says the speech was not made upon the suffrage question at all, but upon the necessity of union and harmony, until this very point. The *Sentinel* had better read the speech and he will better understand upon what ground to defend it.

"But," says the *Sentinel*, "there was no body in the Territory of Montana to be benefited if the bill passed, or damaged if it didn't." There spoke your genuine time server. There isn't, then, any principle involved in this matter; it is a mere question of policy, based upon an abstraction. It is wholly an impracticable subject which does not affect any body, and that is why the Senator makes an elaborate speech upon it. He declares that he is not opposed to this extension of suffrage as a practical measure, but argues strongly against it as an abstract question! The safety of the country is imperiled by a tremendous civil war, taxing all our energies and resources, and in order to promote harmony a distinguished Senator makes an elaborate speech upon an exciting topic to the end that controversy may cease and good feeling be promoted among men!

The pugilist who defiantly tosses his cap over the ropes and then follows it into the ring stripped for the combat, is much more likely to provoke a quarrel than the unobtrusive gentleman who quietly minds his own business; and if Senator Doolittle earnestly desires the unanimity of sentiment among Union men for which he pleads so eloquently, there is a much better way to obtain it than by making a speech which he very well knew the radical portion of his own State and the whole country would scorn from and be very likely to protest against. While we freely concede the Senator's commanding influence and ability, it is not likely that any argument which he may make upon the exciting national topics of the day, will be so complete and exhaustive as to leave nothing more to be said. If this question has been unduly agitated, it can shake its gory locks at him and say, "you did it."

INSURE WITH THE PHOENIX INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD. Our mode of adjusting losses. Feeling it a special duty I owe to the Phoenix Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., I take great pleasure in expressing my thankfulness for the promptness and liberality they have exhibited in honorably adjusting and paying my claim, for loss sustained by the total destruction of my brick store building and stock of merchandise contained therein in Harrodsburg, Ky., a few days since, and upon which I had an insurance in the PHOENIX.

I am to-day in receipt of the amount of my claim \$9,500 sixty days before the same was due, according to the terms of the policy, which is satisfactory evidence in my mind that the PHOENIX is the Company to do business with.

A. S. ROBERTSON,  
HARRODSBURG, KY., May 3, 1884.  
E. L. DIMOCK,  
Agent for Janesville and vicinity.  
may12t1m

ESTABLISHED IN 1810.—The Old Harrodsburg at home again.—The list of sound old Eastern Companies now complete.—The undersigned having been appointed Agent of the above sterling old company for Janesville and vicinity, is prepared to issue policies at as low rates as the nature of the risk will admit.

E. L. DIMOCK,  
may10d1m503

It is at all times important to insure with Old Companies. Now it is especially so, we know not what a day may bring forth in the financial world. Keep in the old paths.

E. L. DIMOCK, Agent.  
April22d1m

"B NATURAL" is called the key-note to good breeding.

**HOW CHARLEY B. OBTAINED HIS WIFE.**

WRITTEN FOR THE GAZETTE.

The summer of 18— found me enjoying the hospitality of my old chum, Charley B., who, with his fine country seat, charming little wife and plenty of the needed, seemed to me the most enviable man in existence. In this rural retreat we whiled away the sultry days of August, alike oblivious to the scorching heat of the city, or the crowded discomfort of the watering places. Our mornings were devoted to driving or riding their splendid black ponies, our afternoons to a quiet smoke, and *sic et* in the grape-arbor, and our evenings were divided between sailing over the noble Hudson and listening to the beautiful music of our hostess.

This life seemed one of enchantment to my world-weary soul, and I often called their home a modern Eden and, jokingly requested Charley's experience in love-making, that I might be equally successful in the pursuit of a "help-mate," but my questions elicited only a laugh from my friend, while his little wife would turn crimson and earnestly protest against the confession. The peculiar appearance of the two excited my curiosity and I determined, when an opportunity presented, I would best Charley for an explanation; but with customary carelessness I neglected to put my resolution into effect.

It was on one of the warmest afternoons in August that, after partaking of a luxurious dinner, we betook ourselves to the vine covered arbor to enjoy our accustomed idleness. The heat was intense; the sun, like a ball of burnished brass, hung overhead, pouring down a wealth of golden sunshine that was blinding in its brightness. The leaves were motionless and even the birds hushed their merry carol and hung panting from the branches. Lounging beneath the grape vine laden with its purple clusters our feet elevated at an angle of forty-five degrees we chatted in true school-boy style over the various incidents either pleasant or otherwise with which our history was interspersed.

The conversation at first brisk and animated, gradually flagged, and watching the white smoke curling lazily about my head I was just dropping gently away into dream-land, when the voice of Charley recalled me and I listened in astonishment: "Did I ever tell you how I found my bonnie little wife?" "No," I answered with assumed indifference for I knew my friend's teasing propensity too well to betray any eagerness. "Well," said Charley replenishing his meerschaum, "a dare-devil scrape that I entered into the term after you left proved the happiest event of my life. You will remember Ned D— who was ring-leader in all the frolics of the school and escaped alive the vigilance of the teachers and the ill-will of the students. He was my chum and through him I was led into the mischief that proved so fortunate for me." "Tell it! tell it!" I broke in unable to conceal my impatience any longer.

"One morning toward the close of the fall term," he began, "as I sat sweating over my Greek and cursing my evil stars that I had not been born a bod-carrier, the door opened and Ned rushed into the room, exclaiming, 'I have a glorious frolic planned, old fellow, and you must help me.' I throw the Greek lexicon across the room and extended myself over three chairs to listen. There's a ball at L— to-night and we must go!" You know said Ned enthusiastically, "sister Mary's dresses will fit you to a charm." "Hold on!" I exclaimed, springing to my feet and taking him by the shoulder "you have evidently lost your wits, and should be secured in a straight jacket as quickly as possible!" But the incorrigible wag persisted in his denial of the charge of insanity, and at length his enthusiasm communicated itself to me, I became almost as impatient to join the frolic as himself. With his customary success, Charley obtained the dress and other necessaries for the toilet without detection, and with his assistance I proceeded to don the forbidden garb of the fair sex. We found it a work of time, however, for notwithstanding the boasted knowledge of the female dress, we were frequently at fault and made many laughable blunders. At length the task was accomplished, and I stood before him the personation of a masculine looking female, with short hair combed to a school miss, and my closely shaven face covered thickly with lily-white and rose-pink.

The names of all the articles composing my attire were unknown to me then, but I now know that over my low necked black silk dress I wore a lace fichu. Ye gods and little fishes, but I felt queer; I tell you!

After I was dressed, a new difficulty presented itself in my masculine gait and we thought for a time that our promised fun would be a failure, but happily I bethought myself that it being Friday our afternoon could be devoted to practice in that department, and if I succeeded in overcoming my swagger we might yet carry out our plan. I need not tell you how assiduously I beat my energies to the task, nor with what martyr-like patience I paced the floor with Ned for a critic. The great difficulty lay in managing my abundant crinoline, but after an hour or two of patient labor I succeeded in attaining a passably graceful gait, and Ned left me to obtain a conveyance. The next hour was one of mortal agony, for I dared not disrobe myself lest I should be unable to dress again without assistance, and I feared every moment the old Professor would make his appearance.

At length when the shadows began to lengthen visibly, I heard the sound of wheels upon the pavement below, and watching my chance stole hastily from my room and descended the stairs. Assuming a bold exterior, and trusting to my disguise for safety, I reached the street, entered the carriage and was soon whirling away to the scene of action.

I wore two articles concealed about my dress that were not strictly feminine, for I anticipated a serious finale to our fearless

**ADVENTURE.** These were a bowie knife and a well loaded revolver. An hour's drive brought us to the hotel, and we were ushered into the reception apartments for ladies and gentlemen. I experienced some qualms of conscience when I found myself within the sacred precincts of the dressing room surrounded by hordes of beautiful women engaged in the mysteries of the toilet, but retreat was impossible, and I began the work of disrobing myself of outside covering. I was evidently awkward, for many bright eyes turned wonderingly upon me, and one fair maiden conspicuously among the others for beauty and modest bearing, kindly offered to assist me in the arduous task. Attracted to this sweet girl by the contrast between her genteel manner and the forward pertness of the others, I entered into conversation, and found her possessed of great intelligence and taste, while the freedom from restraint which my female attire gave her, rendered our intercourse most fascinating.

The evening passed rapidly away, and my disguised being perfect, I was flattered to satisfy by the gentlemen, and I ceased to wonder that our women became mere butterflies feeding upon the meaningless compliments poured into their ears. At supper I found myself seated with the maiden who had taken my heart captive on one side, and my masculine escort upon the other, which gave me an opportunity to test my power of acting to the utmost.

Day began to dawn at last and gave warning that we must away, or like Cinderella witness disgrace, so Ned called the carriage, assisted me with exemplary gallantry to robe, and after a warm embrace to my new female friend, I was enroute for home.

The bowie knife and revolver had not been needed and two rasals had escaped detection, but I had lost my usual good spirits, and wondered why I felt averse to hearing Ned pour forth a torrent of words in praise of the girl who had been my almost constant companion during the evening.

The term closed and I heard nothing more of our frolic or the friends we had made. The beginning of the spring term found me at my accustomed seat in the old chapel, scanning the faces of the new students. Suddenly my attention was arrested, and I barely smothered an exclamation as the familiar face of a lady met my gaze, and recalled to my mind our mad scrape of the following term. It required all Ned's persuasion to convince me that I need not fear a recognition, and I submitted with knee-knocking and teeth-chattering, to the ordeal of an introduction, but before the term closed I was installed her escort on all occasions where Professor permitted it and on many where he did not. Of course she made many inquiries of Ned, in regard to his lady-love but was told that she had left the term before, and he cautioned her against mentioning the affair, lest it reach the ears of the teachers and result in his expulsion.

As you have earlier anticipated my destiny was sealed, but after the question was asked and answered, I still found a difficulty in confessing the deception I had practiced, and it was not until after our marriage that I summoned courage to reveal it. A little dimpled hand closed Charley's mouth just here and cut short his sentence, but too late, for I had learned how he obtained his charming wife.

**ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE** of the Mails at the Janesville Post Office, on and after May 10th, 1884.

TO	FROM	CLASS	DEPART
Chicago, Ill.	2:30 P.M.	2:30 P.M.	2:30 P.M.
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MADE FOR THE JAMESVILLE MARKET, BY A. J. GRAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALER.

JAMESVILLE, May 10, 1864.  
Receipts of grain were still larger to-day than yesterday, there being 1,000 bushels of all kinds on the market. Wheat was in great demand, and we want an advance of 10c per bushel in price, with sales of prime milling grades at \$1.14 1/2, and shipping quality at \$1.05 1/2. Corn is in great demand, and we want an advance of 10c per bushel in price, with sales of prime milling grades at \$1.14 1/2, and shipping quality at \$1.05 1/2. Corn is in great demand, and we want an advance of 10c per bushel in price, with sales of prime milling grades at \$1.14 1/2, and shipping quality at \$1.05 1/2.

WHEAT—Extra milling quality at \$1.14 1/2; common to good shipping grades at \$1.05 1/2 to \$1.10. OATS—Active at \$0.90 for No. 1, and \$0.85 for No. 2. RYE—In good request at \$1.05 1/2 to \$1.10 for No. 1. CORN—Shelled, 10c to 11c; ear, 9c to 10c.

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WHEAT—Extra milling quality at \$1.14 1/2; common to good shipping grades at \$1.05 1/2 to \$1.10. OATS—Active at \$0.90 for No. 1, and \$0.85 for No. 2. RYE—In good request at \$1.05 1/2 to \$1.10 for No. 1. CORN—Shelled, 10c to 11c; ear, 9c to 10c.

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**Business Cards.**  
**S. P. COLE,**  
Homeopathic and Surgeon. Office and residence five doors south of Baptist Church. Jan 2nd 1864.  
**WILLARD MERRILL,** Attorney at Law and United States Court Commissioner. Office, Lippitt's Block, Janesville, Wis. Feb 2nd 1864.

**S. P. COLE, M. D.,** Homeopathic and Surgeon. Office at Beale's Block, Janesville, Wis. Feb 2nd 1864.  
**J. J. BARROWS,** Physician and Surgeon, office and residence corner of Academy and Wall streets. Oct 2nd 1864.  
**M. H. JOHNSON,** Dentist. Office in Jackson and Smith's Block, over the Rock County Bank, Janesville, Wis. Feb 2nd 1864.

**KNOWLTON & JACKSON,** Attorneys at Law, Hyatt House Block, Janesville, Wis. Feb 2nd 1864.  
**JOHN WINANS,** Attorney and Counselor at Law, office over Central Bank, Janesville, Wis. Aug 2nd 1864.  
**EDRIDGE & PEASE,** Attorneys and Counselors at Law, office in Jackson and Smith's Block, Janesville, Wis. Feb 2nd 1864.

**G. W. CHITTENDEN, M. D.,** Homeopathic and Surgeon. Office and residence, Academy and Wall streets, northwest of Milwaukee freight depot. Jan 2nd 1864.  
**H. A. PATTERSON,** Attorney at Law and Justice of the Peace, Janesville, Wis. Office on Main st., nearly opposite the American Express Office. my 2nd 1864.  
**SANFORD A. HUDSON,** Attorney and Commissioner at Law, office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wis. Jan 2nd 1864.

**J. M. MAY,** Attorney and Counselor and Commissioner at Law, office in May's Block, opposite the Myers House, corner of Main and Milwaukee streets. Feb 2nd 1864.  
**BENNETT, CASSADAY, & GIBBS,** Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Office, Lippitt's Block, Janesville, Wis. Will furnish Abstracts of Title and Loan Notes. Feb 2nd 1864.  
**NEW YORK CASH STORE—**Smith & Bortwick, Wholesale and Retail dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Solar Lamp, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Crockery, Glass, and every kind of merchandise at the very lowest cash prices. 21 N. 2nd St. Jan 2nd 1864.

**F. CLARK,** Photographer. Rooms over Mosley's Book Store, West Milwaukee Street. Jan 2nd 1864.  
**COUNTY SURVEYOR AND CITY ENGINEER—**S. D. Locke, office in Jackson and Smith's Block, opposite Lippitt's Block, Janesville, Wis. Feb 2nd 1864.  
**E. B. QUINER,** War Claim Agent, Madison, Wis. Prospects Claims for Pensions, \$2 each; Back Pay and Bounty, \$5; Collects Back Pay for Discharged Soldiers; Will furnish for Back Pay and Bounty; State Aid for Families—Satisfactory and other Military accounts. Feb 2nd 1864.

**MILWAUKEE ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
*Commercial College*  
LOCATED IN  
**MILWAUKEE, - - - WISCONSIN,**  
In seventeen other leading cities of America. Milwaukee Schoolship goes for life throughout the entire State of Wisconsin. Milwaukee is the only school in the west to attend Commercial College.  
**ROBERT C. SPENCER** Resident Principal at Milwaukee, for collecting and forwarding all business notices. BRYANT, STRATTON & SPENCER, Jan 2nd 1864.

**RICH BROTHERS!**  
General Commission Merchants!  
AND DEALERS IN  
**GRAIN, FLOUR, PROVISIONS,**  
**SEEDS AND WOOL!**  
Nos. 69 and 71 East Water Street, Milwaukee, - - - Wisconsin.  
Refer to  
**First National Bank, Mil.** Feb 2nd 1864.

**S. C. WEST, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN**  
**BOOKS, STATIONERY,**  
**PAPER HANGINGS, &c.**  
Also, SPECIAL AGENT FOR  
**SCHOOL BOOK PUBLISHERS.**  
Those in need of any articles in this list will find it to their interest to trade with us, as we are offering goods at prices to compete with any market.  
**S. C. WEST,**  
100 East Water Street, Milwaukee. Feb 2nd 1864.

**H. C. BRADLEY & CO.,**  
Wholesale Dealers in  
**YANKEE NOTIONS!!**  
**WRAPPING AND**  
**WRITING PAPERS!**  
**ENVELOPES, &c.,**  
No. 127 East Water St., Milwaukee.  
**MERCHANTS IN THE INTERIOR**  
ARE SOLICITED TO  
**EXAMINE OUR STOCK**  
**BEFORE PURCHASING!**  
**DOTY'S CLOTHES WASHERS**  
ARE THE BEST.  
**READ THE PROOF.**  
"EAST YONKERS, N. Y."  
"Washington Day," April 18th, 1864.

**Insurance Agencies.**  
**INSURANCE.**  
**FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE!**  
**CASH CAPITAL REPRESENTED,**  
**\$6,000,000!**  
**Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,**  
Springfield, Mass.  
Capital, \$600,000  
Surplus, \$200,000

**Home Insurance Company,**  
New Haven, Conn.  
Capital, \$500,000  
Surplus, \$100,000  
**Manhattan Fire Insurance Co.,**  
The oldest Co. in New York. Incorporated 1821.  
Capital, \$500,000  
Surplus, \$200,000  
**Phenix Fire Insurance Company,**  
Brooklyn, N. Y.  
Capital, \$500,000  
Surplus, \$200,000

**NOTICE—**Mr. F. Whitaker being no longer agent of the  
**NIAGARA INSURANCE COMPANY!**  
OF NEW YORK,  
all policies as well as new policies on that Company's business will be attended to only by  
S. F. POORE, Jr.  
**NIAGARA FIRE INS. CO.,**  
OF THE  
**CITY OF NEW YORK!**  
Cash Capital Paid in, - - - \$500,000  
Surplus January 1st, 1864, - - - \$2,045

**GILBERT HUBBARD & CO.,**  
**SHIP CHANDLERS!**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN  
**TWINE AND CORDAGE!**  
205 & 207 South Water Street, Corner of Wells, Chicago, Ill.  
Would call particular attention of the Trade to our stock, as we at all times have the largest and best assortment in the West of  
**MANILLA AND TARRED ROPE,**  
Cotton, Flax & Hemp Twines  
of every description.  
**Tents, Awnings, Wagon Covers!**  
**TARPAULINS, REG'D COLORS,**  
**A. BENSON!**  
PUBLISHER AND DEALER IN  
**SHEET MUSIC!**  
and all kinds of  
**MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!**  
Sole agent for  
**Holmes & Bro's Celebrated Piano Fortes.**  
Also Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Flutes, Fifes, Clarinets, Bells, Bells, Cymbals, and all kinds of these instruments.  
All kind of Musical Instruments Repaired.  
No. 103, Randolph St., Chicago.  
**H. W. & J. M. WETHELRELL,**  
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in  
**Millinery & Straw Goods**  
No. 96 & 98 Lake Street,  
Up stairs, over the American Express Co's Office, Chicago, Ill.

**CHEROKEE PILLS!**  
SUGAR COATED.  
Health Preserver.  
They cure or obviate those numerous diseases that result from irregularity, by removing the impurities from the system.  
They cure Suppressed, Excessive and Painful Menstruation.  
They cure Green Sticks, (Chlorosis).  
They cure nervous and Spinal Affections, pains in the back and lower parts of the body. Headaches, indigestion, slight exertion, palpitation of the heart, loss of Sleep, Hysteria, Sick Headache, Giddiness, etc., etc. In a word, by removing the irregularity, they remove the cause, and with it all the effects that spring from it.  
Composed of simple vegetable extracts, they contain nothing deleterious or hurtful to the system, and ever delicate, their function being to substitute strength for weakness, which, when properly used, they never fail to do.  
All letters seeking information or advice will be promptly, freely and discreetly answered.  
For full directions accompany each box.  
Sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of price.  
Price \$1 per box, or six boxes for \$5.  
Sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of price.  
All orders must be sent to E. F. COLWELL, our Agent for Janesville, Wis.  
New and second hand furniture, including the Heart of the House, for sale at the lowest prices.  
C. A. COOR, Chicago, General Agent for the States of Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan and Indiana.  
DR. W. B. MEWEN & CO.  
Sole Proprietors.  
Philadelphia Drug Store, Sole Agent for Janesville and vicinity. 424 1/2 Broadway.

**NEW CARPETS RECEIVED AT**  
N. MEYER & CO.—We have just received 100 packages of CARPETS, oil cloth and China matting, purchased two months ago before the advance. We now offer 20 packages of the best Brussels Carpets at 25 to 30 cents per yard less than New York City prices of this date.  
Janesville, Feb. 2nd, 1864.  
**CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN**  
RAILWAY COMPANY—The Annual Meeting of the Board and Stockholders of the Chicago & North-western Railway Company, for the election of Directors, will be held on Thursday, the 25th day of June, A. D. 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M. in the City of Chicago, at the office of the Company.  
J. E. POWERS, Proprietor, Office at the 11th and Myers Houses. Janesville, May 18th, 1864. my 18th

**MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP!**  
**CONCENTRATED LYE.**  
An article that makes beautiful soap, both hard and soft, without the trouble of putting up lye. Try it. For sale at the Sign of the Golden Rooster, Main Street. (opposite)  
C. B. COLWELL.

**THE MERCHANTS' DISPATCH**  
Is also prepared to offer increased facilities, both in time and rates, for western bound loads. Our freight is transported by the Milwaukee and East Wisconsin, and handled by our own men at all points of transfer.  
Claims for losses or damages will be promptly adjusted at this office.  
For rates or further information inquire at the American Express Company's office.  
Janesville, July 1st, 1864. C. M. WARREN, Agent. my 1st

**JUST RECEIVED AT**  
**MOKEY & BROS,**  
**French Diagonal Cloth!**  
FOR LADIES CLOAKS—A UNIQUE PATTERN.  
April 23rd, 1864. apr 23rd 1864

**IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC—**  
Notwithstanding the 50 per cent. additional duty put on imported goods within the last two weeks, and also the action in some of our banks refusing all currency but National and Legal Tender Notes, we are determined to sell our entire stock of Imported Goods at old prices, and also to take all New England, New York, New York, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota currency, until further orders. Respectfully Yours, &c.,  
MCKEY & BROS.  
415 1/2 Broadway.

**GROVER & BAKER'S**  
**SEWING MACHINES!**  
MAKING BOTH THE  
**GROVER & BAKER'S**  
**PRICE \$45 AND UPWARDS.**  
With Hemmers, Tuckers, Fellers and Quilters Complete.  
1st Premium in Illinois, Ohio & Michigan.  
Parties purchasing machines of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. The only Company able to offer such inducements.  
We also offer to the public at the extremely low price of  
**\$45 FORTY \$45**  
A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine, suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at \$75 to \$100.  
General Northwestern Office, 115 Lake Street, Chicago. EMERY & CO, Agents.  
No. 3, Hyatt House Block, Janesville, Wis.  
Machine Sewing, Embroidery, &c. done at short notice. my 2nd 1864

**FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE**  
Over the Post Office!  
There is nothing so much sought for by the public as a practical Sewing Machine, one that is  
**Simple, Strong & Reliable.**  
One that will run for years without the annoyance of being out of repair; one that is noiseless and swift in action; one that makes the stitch, as you want it, alike on both sides of the fabric; such are the machines of the  
**FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY!**  
Who take pleasure in placing their machines before you, and in making you acquainted with the best in the world, and openly and publicly challenge machines of any and all manufacturers to do as large a range of work as easily be done on one of these machines. They make  
**FOUR DIFFERENT STITCHES,**  
and have all the advantages of a reversible feed motion, which carries the work either way, which, together with making all the four stitches, can be done without the machine in the motion, the saving of time in step to change the length of the stitch, is obtained by the machine.  
Any correspondence regarding our machines will be promptly answered. Send us a letter stating what we will send circular and sample of work by return mail. Address, **F. L. KAYNOR,** Office over the Post Office, Janesville, Wis. my 2nd 1864

**DR. WRIGHT'S**  
**REJUVENATING ELIXIR**  
Or, Essence of Life.  
Prepared from pure Vegetable extracts, containing nothing injurious to the most delicate.  
"As the Phoenix rises from the ashes of its destruction, so this Elixir renews the system and overcomes disease."  
The Rejuvenating Elixir is the result of modern discoveries in the vegetable kingdom. Lying on an entirely new and abstract method of cure, irrespective of all the old and worn-out systems.  
This medicine has been tested by the most eminent medical men of the day, and found to be one of the greatest medical discoveries of the age.  
One bottle will cure general Debility.  
Two bottles will cure general Debility.  
Three bottles will cure general Debility.  
Four bottles will cure general Debility.  
Five bottles will cure general Debility.  
Six bottles will cure general Debility.  
Seven bottles will cure general Debility.  
Eight bottles will cure general Debility.  
Nine bottles will cure general Debility.  
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Eleven bottles will cure general Debility.  
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Two hundred and thirty-eight bottles will cure general Debility.  
Two hundred and thirty-nine bottles will cure general Debility.  
Two hundred and forty bottles will cure general Debility.  
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Three hundred and forty-five bottles will cure general Debility.  
Three hundred and forty-six bottles will cure general Debility.  
Three hundred and



COMMERCIAL.

REPORTED FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAY 15, 1884.

Receipts of grain were still larger today than yesterday, being about 6,000 bushels of all kinds on the market. There was a moderate demand, and we were at a premium for the best quality of wheat, with sales at \$1.14 1/2 per bushel, and shipping quality at \$1.15 1/2. Corn is prime and 23 1/2 higher, with sales today at 90 1/2 per bushel. Receipts of oats were large today, and market firm at previous quotations. Other stock unchanged.

WHEAT—Receipts today 6,000 bushels; common to good shipping grades at \$1.14 1/2 to \$1.15 1/2. OATS—Active at 90 1/2 for No. 1, and 83 1/2 for No. 2. RYE—In good request at \$1.05 1/2 to \$1.06 1/2. CORN—Shelled, 23 1/2 to 24 1/2; ear, 20 to 21 1/2. TIMOTHY—Good to choice at \$1.05 1/2 to \$1.06 1/2.

PRICES CURRENT OF GROCERIES.

GRAIN	WHEAT	RYE	CORN	OATS
WHEAT	RYE	CORN	OATS	BARLEY
WHEAT	RYE	CORN	OATS	BARLEY

NEW YORK MARKET.

WHEAT—No receipts, 100 bushels better: \$1.08 1/2 to \$1.09 1/2. CORN—No receipts, 100 bushels better: 23 1/2 to 24 1/2. OATS—No receipts, 100 bushels better: 83 1/2 to 84 1/2.

MILWAUKEE MARKET.

WHEAT—No receipts, 100 bushels better: \$1.08 1/2 to \$1.09 1/2. CORN—No receipts, 100 bushels better: 23 1/2 to 24 1/2. OATS—No receipts, 100 bushels better: 83 1/2 to 84 1/2.

AN ORDINANCE Appointing a Seal of Weights and Measures.

The Mayor and Common Council of the City of Janesville do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of an ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Janesville, Wisconsin, at a regular session held on the 14th day of May, 1884.

AN ORDINANCE Relating to the Seal of Weights and Measures.

The Mayor and Common Council of the City of Janesville do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of an ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Janesville, Wisconsin, at a regular session held on the 14th day of May, 1884.

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Business Cards.

WILLARD MERRILL, Attorney at Law and United States Commissioner. Office, Leppell's Block, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

S. P. COLE, M. D., Homoeopathist and Surgeon. Office at Leppell's Block, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

L. J. BARROWS, Physician and Surgeon, office and residence corner of Academy and Wall streets. feb24dwy1205

M. D. JOHNSON, Dentist. Office in Leppell's Block, over the Rock County Bank, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

KNOWLTON & JACKSON, Attorneys at Law. Office in Leppell's Block, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

JOHN WINANS, Attorney and Counselor at Law, office under Central Bank, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

ELDRIDGE & PEASE, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, office in Leppell's Block, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

G. W. CHITTENDEN, M. D., Homoeopathist and Surgeon, office and residence, Academy st., a few rods northwest of Milwaukee freight depot. feb24dwy1205

H. A. PATTERSON, Attorney at Law and Justice of the Peace, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

SANFORD A. HUDSON, Attorney and Counselor at Law, office in Leppell's Block, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

J. M. MAY, Attorney and Counselor and Counselor at Law, office in Leppell's Block, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

BENNETT, GASSARD, & GIBBS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, office in Leppell's Block, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

NEW YORK CASH STORE, Smith & Best, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Soap, Linens, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

F. CLARK, Photographer. Rooms over Leppell's Block, West Milwaukee Street. feb24dwy1205

COUNTRY SURVEYOR AND CITY ENGINEER—S. D. Locke, office in Leppell's Block, Janesville, Wis. feb24dwy1205

B. B. QUINN, War Claims Agent, Madison, Wis. feb24dwy1205

Insurance Agencies.

INSURANCE. FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE! CASH CAPITAL REPRESENTED, \$6,000,000! Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co., Springfield, Mass. Capital, \$600,000. Surplus, \$250,000.

Home Insurance Company, New Haven, Conn. Capital, \$500,000. Surplus, \$70,000.

Manhattan Fire Insurance Co., The oldest Co. in New York. Incorporated 1821. Capital, \$1,000,000. Surplus, \$250,000.

Phenix Fire Insurance Company, Brooklyn, N. Y. Capital, \$500,000. Surplus, \$200,000.

New York Life Insurance Company, Cash Capital, \$1,000,000. Office in Leppell's Block, Main st., Janesville, Wis.

NOTICE—Mr. F. Whitaker being no longer agent of the NIAGARA FIRE INS. CO. OF NEW YORK, all policies as well as new policies on that Company's business will be attended to only by S. F. FORD, Jr., 206 North 1st St., Janesville, Wis.

NIAGARA FIRE INS. CO. OF NEW YORK. Cash Capital Paid in, \$500,000. Surplus January 1st, 1884, \$2,045.

Milwaukee Advertisements.

All good fire risks taken at fair rates. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. This company now offers the security of a large paid up capital and handsome surplus.

LOCATED IN MILWAUKEE, - - - WISCONSIN.

and in connection with the Chicago and Milwaukee and Wisconsin Central Railroad, the Chicago and Milwaukee and Wisconsin Central Railroad, the Chicago and Milwaukee and Wisconsin Central Railroad.

RICE BROTHERS! General Commission Merchants! and DEALERS IN GRAIN, FLOUR, PROVISIONS, SEEDS AND WOOL!

Nos. 69 and 71 East Water Street, Milwaukee, - - - Wisconsin.

First National Bank, Feb. 24dwy1205

S. C. WEST, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPER HANGINGS, & C.

SCHOOL BOOK PUBLISHERS.

These in need of any articles in our line will find it to their interest to call on us, as we are offering goods at prices to compare with any market.

S. C. WEST, 160 East Water Street, Milwaukee, Feb. 24dwy1205

H. C. BRADLEY & CO., Wholesale Dealers in YANKEE NOTIONS!

Sewing Machines.

GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES! Celebrated Noiseless SEWING MACHINES! MAKING BOTH THE Grover & Baker & the Lock Stitch. PRICE \$45 AND UPWARDS.

With Hemmers, Tuckers, Pailers and Quilters Complete.

1st Premium in Illinois, Ohio & Michigan.

Parties purchasing machines of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company, can have their choice of machine making, either stitch, and change if they desire to. The only company able to offer such inducements.

They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of \$45 FORTY \$45

A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine, suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of large size, rapid, quiet and very superior to the straight lock stitch machines heretofore sold at \$25 to \$100.

General Northwestern Office, 115 Lake Street, No. 3, Third Floor, Chicago, Ill.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE Over the Post Office! There is nothing so much sought for by the public as a practical Sewing Machine, one that is

Simple, Strong & Reliable. One that will run for years without the annoyance of being out of repair, one that is reliable and will last; also that makes the stitch as you want it, alike on both sides of the fabric; such are the machines of

DO NOT WASTE AWAY WITH COUGHING! who so small an investment will cure you. It may be had of any respectable druggist in town, who will furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates of cure. It is now made.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN TWINES AND CORDAGE! 205 E. 207 South Water Street, Corner of Wells, Chicago, Ill.

MANILLA AND TARRER ROPE, Oak Tar, Roofing Pitch & Felt, Coal, Tar, Roofing Pitch & Felt, Coal, Tar, Roofing Pitch & Felt.

Bed Cords, Clothes Lines, Broom Twines, all qualities. Wrapping Twines, in corded barrels, Ball and Shell Cords, Net and Seines.

DR. WRIGHT'S REJUVENATING ELIXIR Or, Essence of Life. Prepared from pure vegetable extracts, containing nothing injurious to the most delicate.

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Patent Medicines.

\$100 REWARD! FOR A MEDICINE THAT WILL CURE COUGHS, INFLUENZA, TICKLING IN THE THROAT, WHOOPING COUGH, OR INFLUENZA CONSTANTLY COUGHING.

COE'S COUGH BALSAM

Over Five Thousand Bottles have been sold in its native town, and not a single instance of its failure to cure. It has, in our possession, any number of certificates, some of them from eminent Physicians, who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over any other compound.

It does not Dry up a Cough, but loosens it, so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely. Two or three doses will invariably cure Coughing in the Throat. A hot bottle will cure COE'S

STUBBORN COUGH, and yet, though it is so strong and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreeable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

IN CASES OF CROUP, we will guarantee a cure if taken in season. No family should be without it. It is within the reach of all the price being

Only Twenty-Five Cents

and if an investment and thorough trial does not "make up" the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this, knowing its merits, and feel confident that one trial will secure for it a home in every household.

DO NOT WASTE AWAY WITH COUGHING! who so small an investment will cure you. It may be had of any respectable druggist in town, who will furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates of cure. It is now made.

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Railroads.

GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD. Beloit and Madison Branch—On and after May 15th, 1884, trains will leave and arrive as follows, Sundays excepted:

Day Express leaves Chicago, 7:20 a. m. 5:20 p. m. Day Express arrives at Chicago, 7:20 a. m. 5:20 p. m.

Both trains connect with the New York and Boston Express train, each day, and all trains bound east and west. Also connecting at Beloit with trains west for Rockford, Freeport, Watertown, Burlington, Mineral Point, Galena and Janesville, and at the junction of C. & N. W. R. R. for Dixon, Elgin, Joliet, Peoria, Quincy, St. Louis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points on the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad. Direct connections are made at the junction of C. & N. W. R. R. for Burlington, Watertown, Burlington, Mineral Point, Galena and Janesville, and at the junction of C. & N. W. R. R. for Dixon, Elgin, Joliet, Peoria, Quincy, St. Louis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points on the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad.

Trains leave Janesville as follows: For Prairie du Chien at 1:10 A. M. For Milwaukee at 1:40 P. M. For Monroe at 4:20 P. M.

Trains arrive at Janesville, as follows: From Prairie du Chien at 12:40 A. M. From Milwaukee at 11:20 A. M. From Monroe at 11:20 A. M.

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Legal Advertisements.

CIRCUIT COURT, Rock County—Frank N. Case against Lena C. Case. The State of Wisconsin to Lena C. Case, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of an ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Janesville, Wisconsin, at a regular session held on the 14th day of May, 1884.

CIRCUIT COURT, Rock County—John M. Case against Lena C. Case. The State of Wisconsin to Lena C. Case, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of an ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Janesville, Wisconsin, at a regular session held on the 14th day of May, 1884.

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